

()

I.

1.

3

가

1980

가

1983

가

가

가

가

가

가

가

Iribarren, Hudson

van der Meer

Saville

Saville 가

Goda

가

2.

II.

1.

Float Cover
(Canvas)

2

Steel

Chain

(Canvas)

Anchor

Anchor

Wire Rope

, Clip Shackle

2.

가.

1)

가

가

2

2)

3)

가

2

4)

가

가

5)

가

가

6)

가

7)

()

8)

1)

() :

2)

:

3)

가

cable

4) ()

5) ()

6) ()

1)

A.

:

:

:

:

, 가

B.

[1]

[1]]

$T_A = 8w_A$	$T_A = 5w_A$	$T_A = 3w_A$	$T_A = 0.4w_A$
--------------	--------------	--------------	----------------

* T_A : (kN), w_A : (kN)

2) 1.2

3)

4) 150 700kN

5)

KS

Single Fluke Stock Anchor

3.

가.

가

가

5μ

1

10cm

가

2가

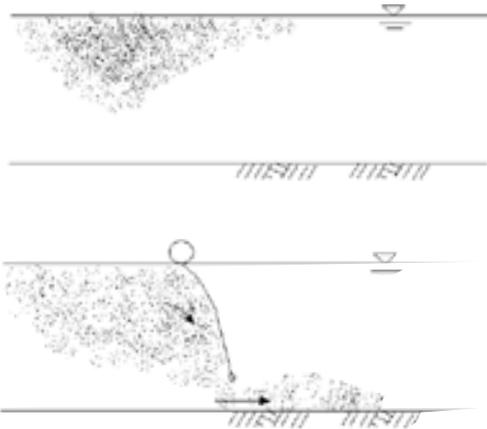
1)

가

2 가 . [1]

가

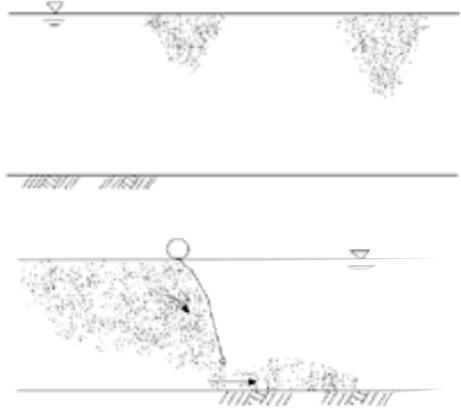
가 ,



[1]

2)

가 (2)



[2]

가

T V · T(m)
가 . V가 T가

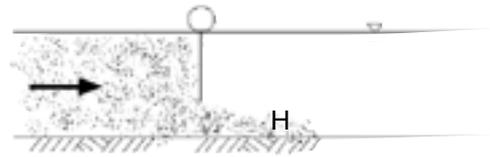
가

[3]

$$h = (h - H)$$

[2]

N	4.38	24	-1.0	0.055	1.0
4.38	N	20.2	24	-0.8	0.09
20.2	N	256.9	11	-0.5	0.245
256.9	N		1.0	-0.1	1.163
					0.053



[3]

가
가 가 가
가 가
(terminal velocity)
가
(settling velocity)

가

Watson(1969)

Rubey

Rubey

Gibbs. et

al.(1971)

Gibbs Rubey

Yoo(1996)

(2).

가

4.

가.

가

가 . (2

가).

가

가

(1.0m/s

1.5m/s

가

).

가

가

Float 가가

가 Float자
가

float

2.0m/s

float

가



[1]

가

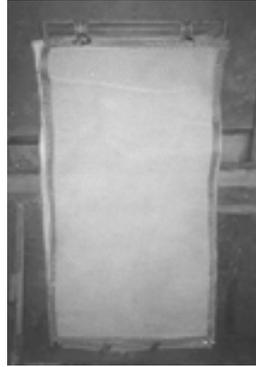
(
: 1999. 9)

가

가2 , 3

가

가



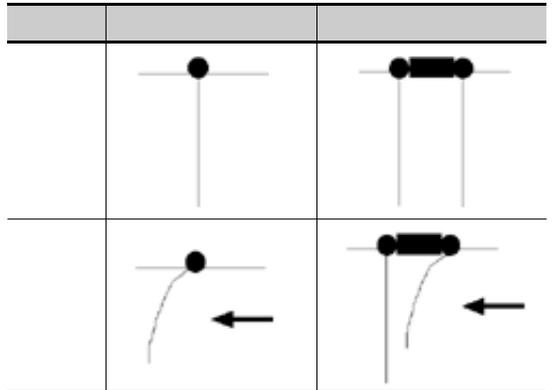
[2] 3



2

[3]

[3]



III.

1.

Iribarren, Hudson, Van der Meer

가

Van der Meer

가.

1) Iribarren

Iribarren(1948) 가

가

가

Iribarren

(1) [4]

가

가

Iribarren

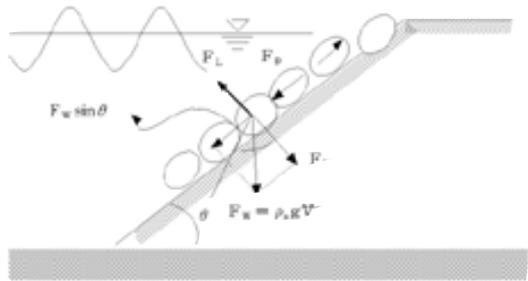
$$F_D < F_I - F_S \quad (1)$$

$$F_D, F_I (= \mu F_S), F_S (= F_W \sin \theta)$$

$$F_I = \mu \cos \theta (s-1) \rho g \zeta_V \phi^2 \quad (2)$$

$$F_S = \sin \theta (s-1) \rho g \zeta_V \phi^2 \quad (3)$$

$$F_D = \rho C_D \zeta_A u_s^2 \phi^2 \quad (4)$$



[4]

μ

$$\mu = \rho_s / \rho, \rho_s, \rho, g$$

가, ζ_V , ζ_A

, ϕ , C_D , u_s

Iribarren u_s

H \sqrt{gH} 가

(2), (3), (4) (1)

$$\eta = \frac{W}{\rho_s g H^2} = \frac{K_1}{(s-1)^2 (\cos \theta - \mu^{-1} \sin \theta)^2} \quad (5)$$

$$K_1 = \frac{C^2}{\mu^2 \psi_s}$$

$$\psi_s = W = \rho_s g \phi_s^2 = \rho_s g \psi_s \psi'$$

2) Hudson

Hudson (1953) u_s

$$(H) \quad u_s = \sqrt{gD} \quad (h)$$

Iribarren

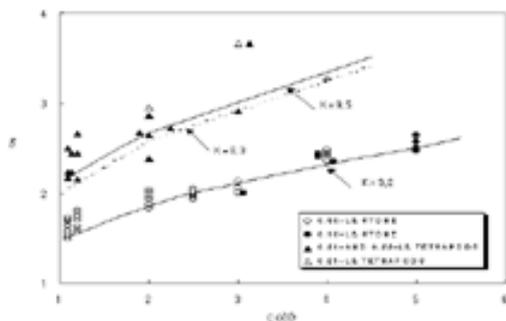
Iribarren K_1, μ
Hudson

K_D

Hudson

$$\delta = \frac{H}{(s-1)\psi_s} = K_D^{1/3} R^{1/3} \quad (6)$$

$R = \cot \theta$ [5] quarry-stone TTP δ $R (= \cot)$



[5] \cot

Hudson [5] \cot Iribarren
(5)

$$\frac{(\cos \theta - \mu^{-1} \sin \theta)}{\cot \theta^{1/2}} \quad (6) \quad (5)$$

(6) 가

$$\delta = \frac{1}{(s-1) \eta^{1/2}} \quad (7)$$

3) Van der Meer

Van der Meer (1988)

$$\delta = \begin{cases} 8.2P^{0.28}(D/\sqrt{N})^{0.2}/\sqrt{I_i} & (0.4 < I_i < 2.5) \quad (8a) \\ 1.0P^{-0.12}(D/\sqrt{N})^{0.2}I_i\sqrt{R} & (2.5 < I_i) \quad (8b) \end{cases}$$

P, D, N

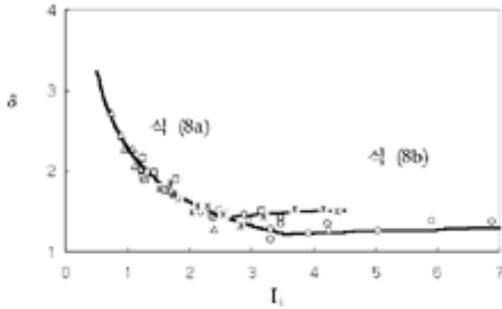
I_i Iribarren

$$I_i = \frac{S}{\sqrt{M_2}} \quad (9)$$

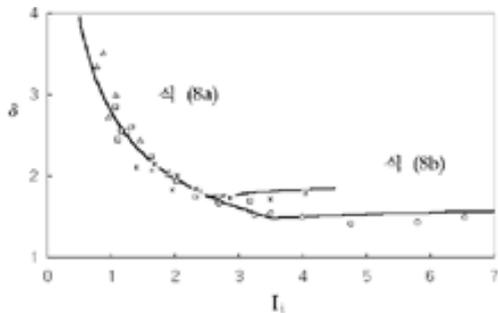
$$(9) \quad M_2 (= H_2/L_2 = 2\sigma H_2/gT_0^2)$$

$S = \tan \theta$ [6] I_i

I_i 가 2.5



(a) D = 3



(b) D = 8

[6] (N = 3000, P = 0.1)

u_s Airy
 u_s

$$u_s = \frac{k \sigma a}{\sigma} \quad (10)$$

$$k, a \quad (10) \quad (4)$$

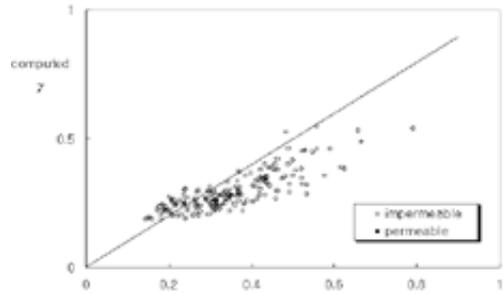
$$\gamma = \frac{\zeta_Y}{K_r (s-1) R^{1.5}} \quad (11)$$

$$(11) \quad \gamma = s^{2.0} = \frac{1}{(s-1)^2}, \quad \zeta_Y = \frac{KH}{4 \tanh^2 \dots}$$

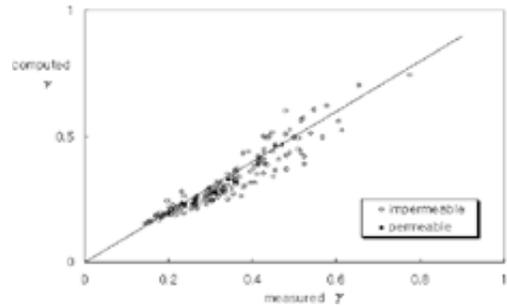
$\sigma^2 = gKH \dots$ h, H . Van

der Meer

K_r ζ_Y



(a)



(b)

[7] K

P = 0.1

$$K_r = 2.22(D/\sqrt{N})^{0.2} \zeta_Y \quad () \quad (12)$$

$$K_r = 5.62(D/\sqrt{N})^{0.2} \zeta_Y^{0.5} \quad () \quad (13)$$

P = 0.4

$$K_r = 2.72(D/\sqrt{N})^{0.2} \zeta_r \quad (14)$$

$$K_r = 6.09(D/\sqrt{N})^{0.2} \zeta_r \quad (15)$$

(12) (13) (11)

$$r = (0.48 - 0.28P)(s-1)^{-1} (\sqrt{N}/D)^{0.2} S^{1.0} \quad (16)$$

(14) (15)

$$r = (0.18 - 0.04P)(s-1)^{-1} (\sqrt{N}/D)^{0.2} \zeta_r S^{1.0} \quad (17)$$

$$x = 0.23P - 0.37 \quad (P)$$

가 0.1 0.4 , -0.35 -0.28

-1/3

, x = -

1/3 가

$$r = (0.29 - 0.06P)(s-1)^{-1} (\sqrt{N}/D)^{0.2} S^{1.0} \quad (18)$$

$$S_r = F_r^2 S \quad F_r = C/\sqrt{gH} \quad C \quad \sigma^2$$

2.

가

(run up)

(h_R)

(H) 1.0H

1.0H

1.3H 2.5H

가

Saville

가

가.

1)

Takada

$$\frac{h_R}{H} = \left[\sqrt{\frac{x}{2\theta}} + \left(\frac{h_0}{H} - 1 \right) \right] \zeta_r \quad (19)$$

$$\zeta_r = \begin{cases} 1 & (R \leq R_c) \\ \left(\frac{R_c}{R} \right)^{2.0} & (R > R_c) \end{cases}$$

H

$$R = \cot \theta, \quad R_c = \cot \theta_c$$

$\frac{h_0}{H}$

Sainflou

Miche

가

Sainflou

$$\frac{h_0}{H} = 1 + \frac{KH}{2} \coth^2 Kh \quad (20)$$

Miche

$$\frac{h_0}{H} = 1 + \frac{KH}{2} \coth Kh \left(1 + \frac{3}{4 \sinh^2 Kh} - \frac{1}{4 \cosh^2 Kh} \right) \quad (21)$$

$$(21) \quad (19) \quad \zeta_y = \frac{KH}{4 \tanh Kh}$$

$$\frac{h_g}{H} = \left(\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2\theta}} + 2\zeta_M \zeta_y \right) \zeta_v \quad (22)$$

$$(22) \quad \zeta_M$$

$$\zeta_M = 1 + \frac{S}{4 \sinh^2 Kh} - \frac{1}{4 \cosh^2 Kh} \quad (23)$$

Takada (19) θ_c

$$\sqrt{\frac{2\theta_c}{\pi}} \frac{\sin^2 \theta_c}{\pi} = \frac{H_s}{L_s} = M_{so} \quad (24)$$

$$M_{so} \quad (25)$$

$$\theta_c = M_{so} \quad [4]$$

$$\theta_c = (M_{so}) \quad R_c$$

$$M_{so}$$

$$[4] \quad (M_{so})$$

c	M _{so}
/ 16	0.003
/ 8	0.016
/ 4	0.08
/ 2	0.225

$$\theta_c = 2.2 M_{so}^{0.5} \quad (25)$$

$$R_c = 0.09 M_{so}^{-0.8} \quad (26)$$

2)

$$\frac{h_g}{H_{1/3}} = 8 \lambda S \cos^2 \quad (27)$$

$$H_{1/3} \quad , \quad ,$$

0.125 S 0.33 (3 R 8), 0.03 M_s 0.07, ()

[5]

[5]

	()
	1.1 ~ 1.5
	1.0
0.14 × 0.48 cm	0.9
0.35 × 1.2 m	0.89

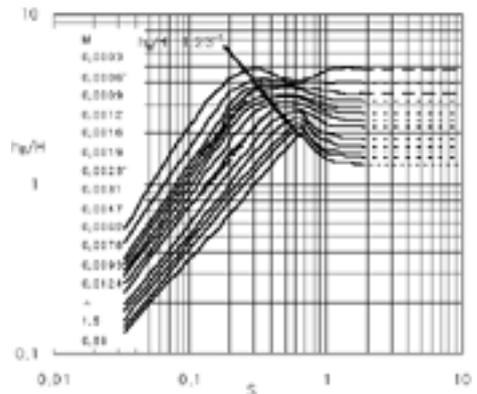
(27) Saville [8]

Delft

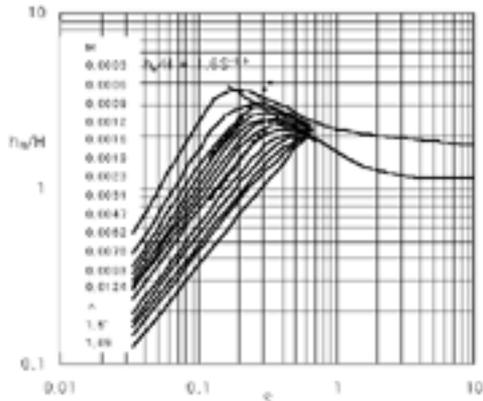
가

Delft 가

가



(a) $h / H \ 3$



(b) 3 h_x / H

[8] Saville Delft
(:Saville, :Delft)]

Delft Saville가

Delft

$$\frac{h_x}{H_{20}} = 8.1S \cos \delta \left(1 - \frac{R}{L}\right) \quad (28)$$

(28) $\frac{1}{8} < S < \frac{1}{3}$ ($3 < R < 8$)

[9] B L

Saville(1958) (R)

(Ms)

[8] h_x/V R

$h_x/H < 0.2R^2$ 가

$h_x/H < 0.2R^2$ (h_x/V)가
1.2 3 h/H

1.6 .

$$\frac{h_x}{H} = 0.2R^2 \approx 0.2R^2 \quad (29)$$

(29) [8]

Saville [8]

가 가 ,

(29)

[6] $\frac{h_x}{H} < 1.2R$ $1 < \frac{h}{H} < 3$

Saville

(M)

(R)

= - 1

가

(11) $\frac{h_x}{H} < 1.2R$

$1.2R > \frac{R}{L}$ $R > \sqrt{\frac{g}{1.2}}$

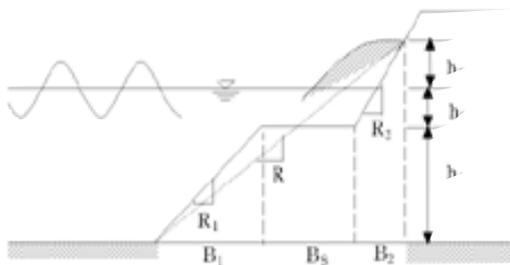
가 R

$$R = \frac{R_1 b_1 + B_2 + R_2 (b_2 + h_x)}{h_2 + h_1 + b_2} \quad (30)$$

[6]

(R)/σ/1.2.1<h/H<3

$\frac{H}{T}$	$\frac{h_1}{\sigma T^2} (-M)$	α'	β'	$\sigma(\beta' - 1)$
0.0029	0.0003	45.05	-1.29	21
0.0058	0.0006	27.55	-1.23	16
0.0088	0.0009	20.61	-1.19	13.5
0.0117	0.0012	17.06	-1.16	11.5
0.0157	0.0016	14.49	-1.14	10.5
0.0186	0.0019	12.85	-1.12	9.9
0.0226	0.0023	11.12	-1.11	8.8
0.0304	0.0031	8.18	-1.05	7.3
0.0461	0.0047	6.31	-1.03	6.1
0.0608	0.0062	5.28	-1.01	5.2
0.0765	0.0078	4.19	-0.96	4.55
0.0912	0.0093	3.67	-0.95	4.1
0.1216	0.0124	2.98	-0.91	3.3



[9] 가

(30) h_R R

$h_R/H < \sigma R'$ 가 [6]
 -1 가 (30)

[7]

(R)/σ/1.2.1<h/H<3

$\frac{H}{T}$	$\frac{h_1}{\sigma T^2} (-M)$	α'	β'	$\sigma(\beta' - 0)$
0.0029	0.0003	4.65	-0.04	4.8
0.0058	0.0006	4	0.01	4.2
0.0088	0.0009	3.55	0.09	3.8
0.0117	0.0012	3.24	0.15	3.7
0.0157	0.0016	3	0.16	3.4
0.0186	0.0019	2.84	0.19	3.3
0.0226	0.0023	2.63	0.21	3.1
0.0304	0.0031	2.4	0.21	2.9
0.0461	0.0047	2.13	0.37	2.7
0.0608	0.0062	1.9	0.32	2.45
0.0765	0.0078	1.78	0.4	2.25
0.0912	0.0093	1.66	0.33	2.15
0.1216	0.0124	1.52	0.34	1.9

$$R = \frac{R_1 h_1 + B_2 + R_2 (h_2 + \sigma H R^{-1})}{\sigma H R^{-1} + h_1 + h_2} = \frac{(R_1 h_1 + B_2 + R_2 h_2) R + \sigma H R_2}{\sigma H + (h_1 + h_2) R} \quad (31)$$

(31) R

$$(h_1 + h_2) R^2 + (\sigma H - R_1 h_1 - B_2 - R_2 h_2) R - \sigma H R_2 = 0 \quad (32)$$

(32)

$$R = \frac{H \left[(\eta - \sigma) \pm \sqrt{(\sigma - \eta)^2 + 4 \sigma R_2 \frac{(h_1 + h_2)}{H}} \right]}{2(h_1 + h_2)} \quad (33)$$

$$\eta = (R_1 h_1 + B_2 + R_2 h_2) / H$$

$h_R/H < \sigma R'$ 가 [7]
 $h_R/H = -$

$$= 0 \quad \text{가} \quad h_g/H = - \quad \text{가} \quad (R) \quad (30)$$

$$R = \frac{R_1 h_1 + B_2 + R_2 (h_2 + \sigma H)}{\sigma H + h_2 + b_2} \quad (34)$$

$$(29) \quad 1 \quad h / H \quad 3$$

Table 3

M

$$\sigma = 0.42 M^{-0.5} \quad (35)$$

$$(35) \quad R > \sqrt{\sigma / 1.2}$$

$$R > 0.59 M^{-0.25} \quad (29)$$

$$\frac{h_g}{H} = 0.42 M^{-0.5} R^{-1} \quad (R > 0.59 M^{-0.25}) \quad (36)$$

$$R < \sqrt{\frac{\sigma}{1.2}} \quad [7] \quad \text{가} \quad (S) \quad M$$

[8]

h_g/H	R 조건	h_g/H	가상경사(R)
$1 < \frac{h}{H} < 3$	$R > 0.59 M^{-0.25}$	$0.42 M^{-0.5} R^{-1}$	식 (33)
	$R < 0.59 M^{-0.25}$	$0.7 M^{-0.25}$	식 (34)
$3 < \frac{h}{H}$	$R > 0.37 M^{-0.25}$	$0.39 M^{-0.5} R^{-1}$	식 (33)
	$R < 0.37 M^{-0.25}$	$0.29 M^{-0.25}$	식 (34)

$R = \cot \theta$, $M = H / gT^2$, H : 입사파고, h : 수심

$$\frac{h_g}{H} = \sigma = 0.7 M^{-0.25} \quad (R < 0.59 M^{-0.25}) \quad (37)$$

$$[1] \quad h / H \quad 3 \quad 1 \quad h / H \quad 3 \quad h_R / H$$

$$\frac{h_g}{H} = \frac{\sigma}{R} = 0.38 M^{-0.25} R^{-1} \quad (R > 0.37 M^{-0.25}) \quad (38)$$

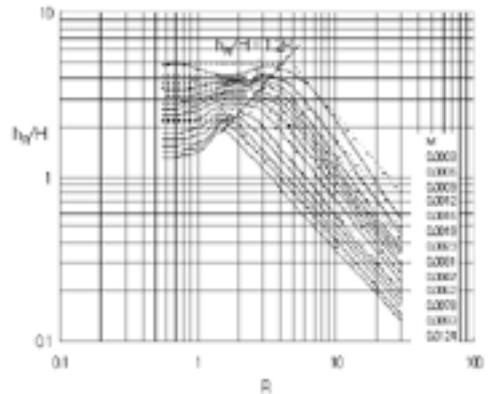
$$= 0.99 M^{-0.25} \quad (R < 0.37 M^{-0.25}) \quad (39)$$

[8]

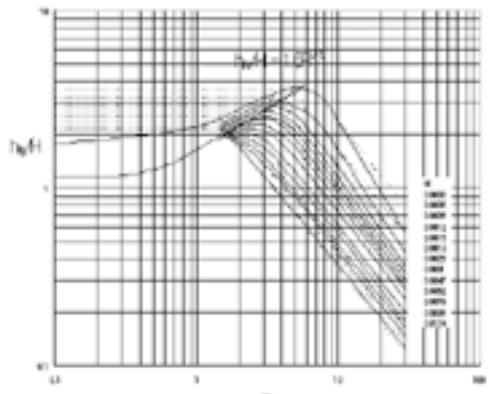
[8] (R)

Saville [10(a)] [

10(b)] R $0.59 M^{-0.25}$ R



(a) 1 h / H 3



(b) 3 h / H

[10]가 Yoo : Yoo , Yoo : Saville]

0.3M^{-0.34}

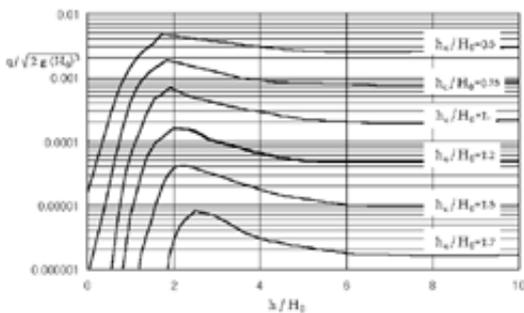
가
가
가
가

3.

가

200 300

(,1997).



[11]

가 가

[11] Tetrapod 2

2
가 1/30

H₀

, h , h_c , g 가
(9.8m/sec), q
(m³/m·sec . ()
, 1993) [11]

[11]

$$q / \sqrt{2g(H_0)^3} \quad h / H_0$$

$$\phi = \alpha (h / H_0)^\beta \quad (40)$$

$$(40) \quad \phi = q / \sqrt{2g(H_0)^3}$$

[9]

[9]

h_0 / H_0	α	β	범위
0.5	0.4×10^{-2}	2.22	$h \leq 1.7H_0$
	0.0049	-0.31	$h \geq 1.7H_0$
0.75	0.3×10^{-2}	2.2	$h \leq 1.8H_0$
	0.0021	-0.51	$h \geq 1.8H_0$
1.0	0.3×10^{-4}	5.36	$h \leq 1.9H_0$
	0.001	-0.78	$h \geq 1.9H_0$
1.25	0.5×10^{-3}	5.77	$h \leq 2H_0$
	0.0003	-0.8	$h \geq 2H_0$
1.5	0.4×10^{-6}	6.01	$h \leq 2.3H_0$
	0.00007	-0.98	$h \geq 2.3H_0$
1.75	0.2×10^{-7}	6.85	$h \leq 2.5H_0$
	0.0002	-1.21	$h \geq 2.5H_0$

· ' ' ·
· Saville 가

가 가
God가 1/30
·